3rd Quarter Exam – Study Guide

The exam will consist of 60 multiple choice questions from previously released AP exams. It will be cumulative in nature. Please review and study the following terms, concepts, and people.

perspectives (cognitive, behavioral, evolutionary, psychodynamic…)

Wundt (who and which historical perspective?)

Structuralism

introspection

independent variable

dependent variable

correlation v causation

standard deviation

ethical guidelines for psychological studies

ventromedial and lateral hypothalamus (what happens when each is damaged?)

sympathetic nervous system

parasympathetic nervous system

neurotransmitters (dopamine, norepinephrine, serotonin..)

reuptake process

thalamus

amygdala

frontal lobes

reticular formation

hippocampus

Broca and Wernicke’s area (where and what happens when damaged?)

MRI

CT

PET

neuron (parts and what they do)

somatosensory cortex and parietal lobes

Gestalt principles of perceptual organization (closure, continuity, proximity, similarity…)

sensory adaptation

habituation

just noticeable difference

heuristics (availability and representativeness)

algorithm

short term memory (iconic, echoic)

long-term memory (explicit and implicit)

morphemes v phonemes

stimulus generalization

stimulus discrimination

hypnosis (what is it? what is it used for? and hidden observer theory)

general adaptation syndrome (A.R.E.)

attribution theory (internal v. external attributions and how they impact or perception)

fundamental attribution error

intrinsic v extrinsic motivation

internal v external locus of control

drive reduction theory

Stanford prison experiment

foot-in-the-door persuasion technique

door-in-the-face persuasion technique

attraction theory (mere exposure effect, proximity etc.)

self-serving bias

hindsight bias

conformity

obedience

cognitive dissonance

groupthink

compliance

bystander effect

social loafing

Asch study

Robber’s Cave experiment

separation anxiety

object permanence

egocentrism

theory of mind

conservation

attachment theory (secure v. insecure types)

fetal alcohol syndrome

neonatal reflexes

inductive v deductive reasoning (children)

parenting styles – authoritarian, authoritative, permissive, neglectful

attraction theory (mere exposure effect, proximity etc.)

projective testing (what is it for? examples?)

self-efficacy

defense mechanisms (regression, repression, denial etc.)

Big 5 theory

Vygotsky

Watson

Piaget

Skinner

Bandura

Milgram

Asch

Zimbardo

Ainsworth